

Redhat Installer

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1 PeerIQ Installation for Red Hat and Rocky Linux

1.1 Introduction

1.1.1 Purpose of this Document

This manual provides instructions and requirements for installing and configuring the PeerlQ solution on a supported Red Hat Enterprise Linux (RHEL) or Rocky Linux system. It outlines system prerequisites, network requirements, essential packages, and services to ensure a successful deployment.

1.1.2 Intended Audience

This document is designed for **system administrators** and **technical personnel** responsible for the installation, configuration, and maintenance of the PeerlQ platform. Familiarity with Linux system administration, networking, and basic command-line tools is assumed.

1.1.3 System Update (Recommended)

It's generally good practice to ensure the underlying operating system is fully updated before installing PeerlQ. You can do this by running the following:

sudo dnf update

Keeping your OS up to date helps prevent dependency conflicts and ensures the latest security patches are in place.

1.2 System Requirements

1.2.1 Supported Operating Systems

- Red Hat Enterprise Linux (RHEL) 9.2 or later
- Rocky Linux 9.2 or later

Note: If you wish to install PeerlQ on other distributions or versions, please review with Peer Software support prior to attempting an install.

1.2.2 Licensing

PeerIQ is available in two licensing levels: Basic and Advanced. Each license level determines the depth of analytics and insights available within the application.

- Basic License: Provides access to all Environment Monitoring and File System Analytics data.
 Within File Activity Analytics, only aggregated statistics are available, offering a summarized overview of user and client activity across the environment.
- Advanced License: Includes all functionality of the Basic license, with the addition of full real-time activity logging as well as detailed user and client analytics across all monitored storage environments. This level also enables ML-based anomaly detection, which identifies patterns of user or client behavior that deviate from typical activity.

Note: Please Contact Peer Software to discuss upgrading your license level.

1.2.3 Hardware Requirements

The specifications below represent the **minimum requirements** for deployment. Depending on the scale of your PeerGFS environment, data volume, and the number of monitored users or clients, additional resources may be required to maintain optimal performance.

1.2.4 Basic License

- A minimum of 4 CPU cores.
- 8 GB RAM.
- 120 GB virtual disk.

Note: The virtual disk should be **thick provisioned**, and **high-performance SSD storage** is recommended to ensure smooth operation.

1.2.5 Advanced License

- A minimum of 8 CPU cores.
- 16 GB RAM.
- 1.5 TB virtual disk, required to store approximately three months of real-time activity data.

Note: The virtual disk should be **thick provisioned**, and **high-performance SSD storage** is recommended to ensure smooth operation.

1.2.6 Software Requirements

All software components are installed via the dnf or pip package manager. The installer script handles the installation of these dependencies automatically when run as **sudo**.

The PeerIQ installation process requires the following packages.

- Common System Packages:
 - getopt
 - util-linux
 - sort
 - coreutils
- Additional Packages:
 - whiptail
 - newt
 - jq
- PeerlQ-Specific Packages:
 - Podman v5.2.0 or later (Older versions of Podman will be upgraded by the installer as needed).
 - Podman-Compose
 - Python3-Pip

1.3 Installation of PeerlQ

PeerIQ is a container-based solution. It leverages **podman** to manage containers and includes two systems services to simplify administration and startup routines.

1.3.1 Task 1. Extract the Provided Tar File

The installation package for PeerlQ is provided as a peeriq_redhat_xxxxx.tar file.

To extract the contents of this tar file, run the following command:

tar -xvf peeriq_redhat_xxxxx.tar

This will extract 4 files

- config.json
- docker-compose.yml
- installer.sh
- start_peeriq.sh

If any of these files are missing, please contact Peer Software support.

1.3.2 Task 2. Run Installer Script

Run the installer.sh and follow the instructions.

sudo ./installer.sh

Important: The PeerlQ installer script must be run with **sudo or root privileges** to properly install packages, configure services, and set up firewall rules.

Follow the steps through the installation wizard. Once complete, you will be presented with the following message:

The PeerIQ Software Updater was successfully installed.

Please log into the PeerIQ Software Updater web interface to complete the PeerIQ installation:

https://<ip>:4443

1.3.3 Task 3. Complete Installation through the PeerIQ Service Administration interface

Navigate to the provided web URL in the message to select which version of PeerlQ to install.

Important: You must log in to the PeerIQ Software Updater interface using Linux credentials for an account on the server that has sudo privileges.

If you require assistance in this stage, please see the Updating PeerIQ section in the PeerIQ user guide.

1.3.4 Services Added to the System

Two systems services are installed and managed automatically by PeerlQ:

peeriq_software_updater.service

• Purpose:

 Hosts the PeerIQ service administration web portal, used for software updates and container restarts.

• Behavior:

- Runs continuously, monitoring and updating PeerlQ components.
- By default, listens on **TCP 4443** (HTTPS), though it can be changed during installation.

peeriq_startup.service

• Purpose:

- Automatically starts the PeerlQ container stack on system boot.

• Behavior:

- Ensures containers are up and running after any system restart.
- Enabled and started automatically by the installer.

1.4 Networking and Firewall Settings

1.4.1 Default Inbound Ports

1. TCP 4430

Main PeerIQ web interface (HTTPS).

2. TCP 4443

• PeerIQ service administration and software updater portal.

3. **TCP/UDP 5140** (For internal use only)

- **Rsyslog**: Used by the rsyslog service to receive logs from the peeriq_service_administration.service.
- This port is **not** exposed externally, as it is only used for internal log forwarding.

These default ports can be changed during the installation process. If you configure firewall settings using a different method, the following commands show the automatically applied rules. These can be modified as needed for alternative firewall solutions such as nftables or ufw.

```
sudo firewall-cmd --permanent --add-port=4430/tcp
sudo firewall-cmd --permanent --add-port=4443/tcp
sudo firewall-cmd --permanent --add-rich-rule='\
    rule family="ipv4" \
    source address="127.0.0.1" \
    port port=5140 protocol=tcp \
    accept'
sudo firewall-cmd --permanent --add-rich-rule='\
    rule family="ipv4" \
    source address="127.0.0.1" \
    port port=5140 protocol=udp \
    accept'
sudo firewall-cmd --reload
```

1.4.2 Outbound Internet Traffic

A default Red Hat install doesn't typically block outbound connections. However, in a hardened security environment, PeerlQ requires outbound access to the following for updates, container images, and diagnostics:

1. Firmware/Software Updates

- https://peerdownloads.blob.core.windows.net/
- https://downloads.peersoftware.com/

2. Container Registry

• https://peersoftware.azurecr.io

3. Diagnostics

• *.s3.amazonaws.com

4. System Updates (References for container images)

- RedHat
 - cdn.redhat.com
 - subscription.rhsm.redhat.com
- Rocky
 - *.rockylinux.org

1.4.3 Local Network Outbound (LAN Traffic)

Broker/PMC Connection

- Ports: TCP 61616/61617.
- Required for PeerIQ receive data from the PMC and Agents.

1.4.4 Optional Services Local Network Outbound (LAN Traffic)

- AD/OpenLDAP/Red Hat Identity Management
 - Ports: TCP 389/636 (or custom).
 - Only required if PeerlQ is to be integrated with your directory service.

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